

Preparing for a Winds and Floods damage ~ Protecting Your Life During High Winds and Floods ~



Get to Know the Region's Characteristics

- Gain an understanding of regional climate characteristics.
- Be aware of possible dangers in the region. For example, some regions may be particularly prone to floods or landslides.



Actively Obtain Information

- Learn to interpret weather warnings and advisories. Learn how to read weather charts and consider how to respond to a disaster.
- Know how to obtain accurate information.
- Make preparations in case of a disaster.



Early Evacuation

- There are various types of wind and flood damage. However, in all cases, the most important thing is to promptly evacuate to a safe place. Correct judgement and early action is crucial.
- DO NOT approach the sea or rivers. Approaching the sea or rivers to check the situation is dangerous.





Get to Know Regional Characteristics



Ouse your knowledge of natural phenomena and natural disasters which commonly occur in the area when planning disaster prevention measures. Be aware of historical weather data and dangerous locations in the region.

Confirm the Latest Information and Weather Charts



- Closely monitor the latest weather forecast.
- Get to understand the relationship between natural phenomena and disasters by reading weather charts.
- Closely monitor evacuation and other orders from local municipalities, and decide whether to evacuate based on the "Kikikuru" risk map provided by the Japan Meteorological Agency, as well as river water level information, etc.

Preparing for Wind and Flood Damage



- Make preparations both inside and outside the house before the rain or wind worsens.
- Outside the house, be sure to lock and reinforce windows and shutters, clean side/drainage ditches, and affix loose items.
- ■Inside the house, be sure to attach shatter-resistant film to glass fixtures, move items to the upper floor to prevent them from being damaged during flooding, and check emergency stocks.